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(THE
HISTORY
OF

Valentine and Orson.

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And if with Caution you will read it thro',
Twill both Instruct thee and Delight thee

100.



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THE
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OF

Valentine and Orson.



CHAP. I.

The Banishment of the Lady Bellifant,
who is delivered of Valentine and Or-
son at one Birth, in a Wood.

IT is recorded, That PEPIN, King of France had a fair sister named Bellifant, who was married to Alexander, the Emperor of Greece, and by him carried to his capital at Constanti-ople; from whence, after having lived with great virtue, she was banished, through the means of a false accuser, whom she had severely checked for his impudence; and though at that time she was big with-child, yet she was compelled to leave her

husband's empire, to the great regret of the people, attended only with a squire named Blandiman.

After great fatigue and travel, she arrived in the forest of Orleans, where finding her pains come thick upon her, she dismissed her attendant for a midwife, but before his return was delivered of two lovely children, one of which was conveyed away by a she-bear, but she willing

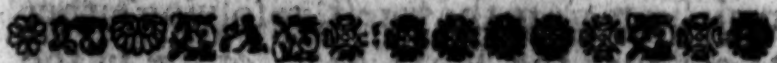


to save it, pursued on her hands and knees leaving the other behind. But before her return, king Pepin being a hunting in the forest, came to the tree where she left the other babe. and causing it to be taken up, sent it to nurse, and when it grew up called its name Valentine. — Blandiman at length came back, and instead of find,

ing his mistress found her brother Pepin at the tree, to which he declared all that had happened, and how his sister was banished through the false suggestions of the arch-priest; which when king Pepin heard he was greatly enraged against the Lady Bellifant, saying, the Emperor ought to have put her to death; so leaving Blandiman, he returned with his Nobles to Paris. — The lady Bellifant having followed the Bear to no purpose, returned to the place where she had left the other babe; but great was her sorrow when Blandiman said, He had seen her brother Pepin, but could tell nothing of the child; and having comforted her for the loss of it, they went to the sea-side, took shipping, and arrived at the castle of the Giant Feragus, in Portugal.

All this while the Bear nourished the infant amongst her young ones, until at length it grew up a wild hairy man, doing great mischief to all that passed through the forest; in which we will leave him, and return to the arch Priest, who did great mischief, till he was impeached by a merchant, of having wrongfully accused the Empress; upon which they fought,

and the merchant conquering, made the priest confess all his treasons ; when the Emperor acquainting the King of France of it, he was hanged.



C H A P II.

Valentine conquers his Brother in the Forest of Orleans.

NO W was Valentine grown a lusty young man, and by the King as greatly beloved as if he had been his own child ; commanding him to be taught the use of arms, in which he soon became so expert, that few in the court dare to encounter him : which made Huf-ray and Henry, the kings bastard sons exceedingly envy him. — At this juncture great complaints were made against the Wild Man, from whom no knight had escaped with his life, that had encountered him ; which made the king promise a thousand marks to any that should bring him dead or alive, which offer none dare accept ; but Huf-ray and Henry desired King Pe-pin to send Valentine, with a View of getting rid of so powerful a rival in the

King's favour, but his majesty seeing their malice, was very angry, telling them, He had rather lose the best Baron in the land.

However Valentine desired leave of his majesty to go to the forest, resolving either to conquer the Wild Man, or die in the attempt. Accordingly having furnished himself with a good horse and arms, he set forward on his journey, and after two days travelling he arrived in the forest; in the evening he tied his horse to a large spreading oak, and got up into a tree himself, for his security, where he rested that night.

Next morning he beheld the Wild Man traversing the forest in search of his prey



and at length he came to the tree where Valentine's horse stood, from whence he

pulled many hairs, upon which the horse kicked him. The Wild Man feeling the pain, was going to tear him to pieces, which Valentine seeing, made signs as if he would fight him, and accordingly he leaped down and gave him a blow; but the Wild Man caught him by the arm, and threw him to the ground. Then taking up Valentine's shield, he beheld it with amaze, with respect to the divers colours thereon emblazoned.

Valentine being much bruised, got up and came towards his brother in great anger; but Orson run to a tree, and then they engaged; but both being terribly wounded, gave out by consent; after which Valentine signified to Orson, That if he would yield to him, he would order matters so as he should become a rational creature.

Orson thinking that he meant him no harm, stretched forth his hand to him. Upon which he bound him, and then led him to Paris, where he presented him to King Pepin, who had the Wild Man baptized by the name of Orson, from his being taken in a wood. Orson's actions during their stay there very much amused

the whole court, that at length the Duke of Aquitaine sent letters importing, That whosoever should overthrow the Green Knight, a Pagan Champion should have his daughter Fazon in marriage.—Upon which proposition Valentine set out for that province, attended by his brother Orson, by which means he came to the knowledge of his parents, as we shall find hereafter.



C H A P. III.

The Fight between Orson and the Green Knight.

AFTER a long journey, Valentine and Orson arrived at Duke Savary's palace in Aquitaine; and making known the reason that they came there, was presented to Fazon, to whom Valentine thus addressed himself:

“ Sweet creature, King Pepin has sent me thither with the bravest Knight in all his realm to fight the Green Knight, who though he is dumb and naked, is endued with such valour, that no Knight under the sun is able to cope with him.

During this speech she viewed Orson narrowly, and he her; but supper coming in, interrupted them, and they sat down to eat.

Whilst they were in the midst of all their feasting, the Green Knight entered, saying Duke Aquitain, hast thou any more Knights to cope with me for thy daughter? — Yes, replied the Duke I have seventeen, and then shewed them to him. — The Green Knight then said to them, Eat your fill, for to-morrow will be your last. — Orson hearing what he said, was much incensed against him and suddenly rising from the table, threw the Green Knight with such force against the wall as laid him dead for some time; which very much pleased the whole company.

Next day many Knights went to fight the Green Knight, but he overcame and slew them all; till at last, Orson being armed in Valentine's armour, came to the Green knight's pavillion, and defying him they began the most desperate combat as was ever heard of, and the Green Knight made so great a stroke at him, as to cut off the top of the helmet, and half his

shield wounded him much. But this served only to enrage the valiant Orson, who coming up to him on foot, took hold of him, and pulling him from his horse, got astride him, and was just going to kill him, but was prevented by the



sudden arrival of Valentine, who interceded with Orson to spare his life, on condition of his turning Christian, and acquainted King Pepin how he was conquered.

The Green Knight having promised to perform all that was desired, they led him prisoner to the city of Aquitaine; and the Duke received them with great joy, and offered the Lady Fazon to Orson; but he would not marry her till his brother had won the Green Knight's sister Lady Cle-

rimond; nor till they had talked with the enchanted Head of Brass to know his Parents, and get the proper use of his tongue; which when the lady knew she was very sorrowful, because she loved Orson, and was resolved to marry none but him, who had so nobly conquered the Green Knight.



C H A P. IV.

Valentine and Orson go in search of Lady Clerimond, who had the Brazen Head in her Possession.

Valentine and Orson having taken their leave of the Duke of Aquitaine, and his daughter Fazon, proceeded upon their journey, in search of the Lady Clerimond, and at last came to a tower of burnished brass; which, upon enquiry, they discovered to be kept by Clerimond sister to Feragus and the defeated Green Knight, and having demanded entrance was refused it by the centinel who guarded the gate; which provoked Valentine to that degree, that he run against him with such fury, that the centinell fell down dead immediately.

The Lady Clerimond beheld all this dispute, and seeing them brave Knights, received them courteously. — Valentine having presented tokens from the Green Knight, told her, he came there for the love of her, and to discourse with the All-knowing-Head, concerning their parents. After dinner, the Lady took them by the hand, and led them to the Chamber of



Rarities, where the Head was placed between four pillars of pure jasper, when, as they entered, it made the following speeching to Valentine :

“ Thou famous Knight of Royal extract, art called Valentine the Valiant, who of right ought to marry the Lady Cleerimond. Thou art son to the Emperor of Greece and the Empress Bellifant, who is

now in the castle of Ferragus in Portugal, where she has resided for twenty years. King Pepin is thine uncle, and the Wild Man thy brother; the Empress Bellissant brought ye two forth in the forest of Orleans; he was taken away by a ravenous Bear, and thou wast taken up by thine uncle Pepin, who brought thee up to man's estate—Moreover, I likewise tell thee that thy brother shall never speak till thou cuttest the thread that grows under his tongue."

The Brazen Head having ended his speech, Valentine embraced Orson, and cut the thread which grew under his tongue; and he directly related many surprising things. After which Valentine married Lady Clerimond, but not before she had turned Christian.

In this castle lived a dwarf, named Pa-colet, who was an enchanter, and by his art had contrived a horse of wood, and in the forehead a fixed pin, by turning of which he could convey himself to the farthest part of the world.

This enchanter flies to Portugal, and informs Ferragus of his sister's nuptials. and of her turning Christian; which so

enraged him, that he swore by Mahomet he would make her rue it; and thereupon got ready his fleet, and sailed towards the castle of Clerimond, where, when he arrived, he concealed his malice from his sister, and also the two Knights, telling them that he came to fetch them into Portugal, the better to solemnize their marriage, and he would turn Christian at their arrival at his castle; all which they believed, and soon after embarked with him.—When he had got them on board, he ordered them to be put in irons, which so grieved his sister Clerimond, that she would have thrown herself into the sea, had she not been stopped.



CHAP. V.

Pacolet comforts the Ladies, and delivers Valentine and Orson out of Prison.

WHEN they were come to Portugal he put Valentine and Orson in a dungeon, fed them with bread and water but allowed his sister Clerimond the liberty of the castle, where she met the Empress Bellifant, who had been confined twenty years in the castle of Feragus. She

seeing her so full of grief, comforts her, enquiring the reason, which she told her. The Empress was mightily grieved, but Pacolet comforted them, telling them he would release them all that evening, the which he accordingly did in the following manner :



In the dead of the night he goes to the dungeon, where lay Valentine and Orson bound in chains, and touching the doors with his magical wand, they flew open ; and coming to the Knights, he released them and conducted them to the apartment where Bellissant and Clerimond was, who were exceedingly transported ; but Pacolet hindered them from discoursing long, by telling them they must depart before the guards of Ferragus awaked,

which would put a stop to his proceedings. So Pacolet led them to the gates of the castle, and having prepared a ship, he conveyed them to Lady Fazon, at the city of Aquitain. Next morning when Feragus heard of their escape, he was enraged to the last degree.

The Knights and Ladies being out of danger, soon arrived at Aquitain, to the great joy of Lady Fazon, who was soon after married to Orson with great solemnity; upon which tilts and tournaments were performed for many days; but Valentine carried the prize, overthrowing at least an hundred brave Knights.



C H A P. VI.

Feragus raises a mighty army, and lays
Siege to the City of Aquitain.

FEragus, to be revenged on them assembled an army, and laid close siege to it with a vast army of Saracens, which when Duke Savary perceived, he resolved to give them battle the very next morning, and accordingly he sallied forth with all his forces, but venturing too far

he was taken by the Saracens, and carried to Ferragus's tent. — Now Orson was resolved to set him free, or lose his life; so putting on the arms of a dead Saracen, he called Pacolet, and went through the



enemy without being molested, until they arrived at the tent where the Duke was confined; which done they gave him a horse, and rode to the Christian army; on their return a general shout was made by all the army, Long live the Duke of Aquitaine; which so dismayed the Saracens, that they fled away in confusion, and the Christians pursued them till the night obliged them to give over.

Soon after this victory Valentine, Orson, the Ladies Bellissant, Clerimond, and Fazon set out for Constantinople, to see the Emperor their father, after they had taken leave of Duke Savary and his Nobles, and was received with great joy.

At length the Emperor set out for Constantinople, after taking leave of his family, to visit a strong castle he had in Spain.—While he was absent, Brandifer brother to Feragus, invaded the Empire with a very great army, and at length besieged Constantinople, where lay Valentine and Orson, the Green Knight, and all the Ladies.

Valentine seeing the condition they all were in, resolved to give Brandifer battle, and thereupon divided his army into ten battalions, commanded by ten Knights, and sallying out of the city, began the fight with the Saracens, who drew up in readiness to receive them.

In the mean time the Emperor was at sea, returning homeward, and in his way he met a fleet going to the assistance of Brandifer, which bore upon him with full sails; whereupon exhorting his companions to behave like men, they made

ready to receive them ; and after a most bloody and obstinate battl , the Emperor got the victory, having slain many of the Pagans, and dispersed all their ships,

After this victory the Emperor commanded his men to put on the arms of the vanquished, as he did himself, thinking thereby the better to fall upon the besiegers his enemies : but the stratagem proved most fatal to him, as we shall hereafter find.

All this while the Christians and Valentine bravely encountered Brandifer and his men before the walls of Constantinople, sometimes getting, and sometimes losing ground ; but at length Valentine came to the standard of Brandifer, where an Indian King run against him with great force, but Valentine avoiding him, struck him with such fury cleft him down the middle. On the other hand, Orson and the Green Knight were not idle, but with their brandished swords cut themselves a passage quite through the Pagan army, destroying all that opposed them.

Soon after news came that a mighty fleet of Saracens were entering the har-

hour ; whereupon Valentine judged it necessary to go thither, and oppose their landing, but it proved fatal ; for in his fleet was the Emperor his father, who being clad in Saracen armour, Valentine, by mistake run him quite through the body with his spear ; which when he knew, he was going to kill himself, had not his brother and the Green Knight prevented him ; but getting an horse with an intent to lose his life, he rushed into the midst of the enemy, overthrew all that opposed him, till he came to the Giant Bandiser, who when he saw Valentine, encountered



him so fiercely, that both fell to the ground ; but Valentine recovering, gave him a stab which sent him to hell, to see his false prophet Mahomet.

The Pagans seeing their King dead, threw down their arms and run, and the Christians pursued them with a mighty slaughter. — At last the pursuit being over, they returned to Constantinople, and Orson acquainted the Empress of the death of his father, but concealed by whom it was done.



Upon which it was concluded, That Valentine and Orson should govern the Empire by turns, with their wives, the ladies Fazon and Clerimond, whose brother the Green Knight was crowned king of the Green Mountain; the people of which were much delighted to have so brave a warrior for their King

CHAP.

CHAP. VIII.

Valentine dies, and Orson turns Hermit.



NOW Valentine being greatly vexed in mind for the death of his father, whom he had killed out of a mistake) resolved to make a pilgrimage to the Holy Sepulchre : and thereupon taking leave of his wife Clerimond, and giving the government of the Empire unto his brother, he departed to the great sorrow of all, particularly his brother Bellifant and the fair Clerimond.

Valentine, after seven years absence, returned, dressed like a poor palmer, begging victuals at the gate of his own palace; and at length being sick, and abou

to die, he called for Clerimond, and made himself known unto her, at which she was ready to give up the ghost,

At last having recommended the care of her to his brother, and the Empress his dear mother, and blessing them, he turned on one side, and breathed out his noble soul from his illustrious body to the great grief of all the valiant Knights



of Christendom, to whom he had been a noble example, and a generous reliever of But Clerimond never could espouse any one, but betook her to a single life, always lamenting the loss of her beloved husband.

After his death Orson governed the Empire with great wisdom and justice for even years, till at length seeing the fra-

gile state of human affairs, he gave the charge of his Empire, Wife, and Children, to the Green Knight, and then turning hermit, he became a resident of the forests and woods. where, after living to a great age, this magnanimous and invincible hero surrendered up his body unto never sparing death, and his soul to the immortal deities, of whose attributes it had a true resemblance.

Thus Reader you may see that none
withstand,

Tho' great in valour, or in vast command
The mighty force of Death's all conquering hand.

F I N I S.



